

OSAA / OnPoint Community Credit Union **2024 SPEECH STATE CHAMPIONSHIPS** April 18-20, 2024 Western Oregon University 345 N. Monmouth Avenue, Monmouth, OR 97361



Updated 4/16/2024

# 2024 OSAA Speech State Championships Congress Legislation

**Super Congress** 



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# **Super Congress**

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## A Bill to Send Military Support to Defend the Republic of China

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1	SECTION 1.	The United States shall send soldiers and materials for the defense of the
2		Republic of China. The United States shall promise to aid the Republic of
3		China in the event of invasion or diplomatic confrontation.
4	SECTION 2.	"Invasion" is defined as "incursion of an army for conquest or plunder."
5		"Confrontation" is defined as "a hostile situation between two or more
6		opposing parties."
7	SECTION 3.	This legislation will be carried out by the Department of Defense in
8		collaboration with the government of the Republic of China.
9		A. The Department of Defense will be directed to send sufficient land and
10		naval forces to the Republic of China to reasonably guarantee the
11		independence of the same.
12		B. Congress authorizes the use of \$30 billion to be used as military aid for
13		the Republic of China, for the purpose of replenishing or expanding its
14		own military capacity.
15		C. The United States will respect the territory and sovereignty of the
16		Republic of China and advocate for its legitimacy in diplomatic affairs.
16 17	SECTION 4.	Republic of China and advocate for its legitimacy in diplomatic affairs. This legislation should be executed within one year of passage. All laws in
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Introduced for Congressional Debate by Mason Lang from Cleveland High School.

## A Bill to Lower Addiction in the Indigenous American Community by Introducing Free Rehabilitation Programs on Reservations

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1	SECTION 1.	Free rehabilitation programs introduced by and funded by
2	the governme	ent will become widespread and available to any Indigenous
3	American des	scendants living on US Indian Reservations in an attempt to
4	lower addicti	on in Indigenous American Communities.
5	SECTION 2.	A free rehabilitation program is defined as an addiction
6	center that is	made publically free to any people of Indigenous American
7	descent.	
8	SECTION 3.	The HHS (U.S. Department of Health and Human Services)
9	sees to the er	nactment and upkeep of this legislation and the programs it
10	creates.	
11	A. The fundi	ng for this Bill will be provided by taking \$50,000,000 out of
12	the US mi	litary budget every 5 years. This money will be put into a
13	budget ov	verseen by the HHS for the creation and upkeep of Indigenous
14	American	rehab centers.
	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on July 1st 2026. All laws in
	conflict with	this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Crater High School.

## A Bill to illegalize doxing throughout all public websites without the consent of the person

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2	SECTION 1.	The illegalization of doxing will be implemented throughout the country
3		for the protection of people's privacy.
4	SECTION 2.	"Doxing" shall be defined as the act of exploiting personal information on
5		websites without the knowledge of the person
6	SECTION 3.	The U.S. Department of Homeland Security will oversee the enforcement
7		of this legislation. Underneath the supervision of Homeland Security the
8		Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency (CISA) will ensure that
9		this enforcement will be followed through with
10	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on July 30, 2024. All laws in conflict with
11		this legislation are hereby declared null and void.
7 8 9 10		of this legislation. Underneath the supervision of Homeland Security the Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency (CISA) will ensure that this enforcement will be followed through with This legislation will take effect on July 30, 2024. All laws in conflict with

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Lincoln High School

## A Bill to Exclude Daylight Savings from the Uniform Time Act of 1966

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1	SECTION 1.	Section 3 of the Uniform Time Act of 1966 shall be revised to exclude the
2		one hour shift from "2 o'clock antemeridian on the last Sunday of April of
3		each year and ending at 2 o'clock antemeridian on the last Sunday of
4		October of each year." (PUBLIC LAW 89-387-APR. 13, 1966)
5	SECTION 2.	The Uniform Time Act of 1966 set standard time zones throughout the
6		United States of America; this act also set daylight saving time as a
7		standard. This bill would revise this, removing daylight saving times from
8		the United States of America.
9	SECTION 3.	The Department of Transportation shall oversee the implementation of this
10		revision.
11	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on October 27, 2024. All laws in conflict with
		this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Sebastian Newby.

## A Bill to Modernize School Safety Drills to Increase Student Safety

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1	SECTION 1.	All schools that receive federal funding shall hereby be
2	required to ir	nplement not less than four lockdown drills per academic
3	year. Said dril	ls must be performed at least once per quarter during each
4	school year.	
5	SECTION 2.	A lockdown drill is defined as a coordinated practice event in
6	which school	personnel and students simulate a response to a threat
7	within the bu	ilding, such as an active shooter. A quarter shall be defined as
8	an interval of	time representing twenty five percent of the school days in
9	an academic	year as measured from the first day of school to the last day
10	of school.	
11	SECTION 3.	Failure to comply with this legislation shall result in a
12	\$100,000 fine	e per violation. Schools with more than one violation in a given
13	school year s	hall be referred to the Department of Education for additional
14	fines and mo	nitoring to be assessed at their discretion.
15	SECTION 4.	The Department of Education shall enforce this legislation.
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17	SECTION 5.	This legislation shall take effect August 1, 2024.
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19	SECTION 6.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared
20	null and void.	
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Introduced for Congressional Debate by Lucy DeMeester, Summit High School.

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### A Bill to Ban the Federal Death Penalty

2 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT: 3 Capital punishment (the federal death penalty) will no longer be a SECTION 1. sentencing option for those convicted of a crime. All current death row inmates shall 4 5 still remain incarcerated, but be sentenced to account for the time they should serve 6 for their crimes. 7 **SECTION 2.** 8 A. Capital punishment is defined as the state-sanctioned practice of 9 killing a person as punishment for commiting a crime. 10 B. Sentencing is defined as to declare a punishment for an offender. C. Incarcerated is defined as to imprison or confine. 11 12 **SECTION 3.** Section 1 and 2 of this bill will be overseen by the Department of 13 Justice. 14 A. \$500 million dollars will be allocated to the Department of Justice from the Department of Defense budget. 15 16 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will go into full effect on January 1, 2027. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby 17 SECTION 5. 18 declared null and void. Introduced for Congressional Debate by Oregon City High School. 19

## A Bill to invest in the security of the Southern and Northern borders of the U.S. to ensure safety of the Nation and its people

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1	SECTION 1.	This bill will invest \$100 Billion towards security personnel, security
2		technology, and physical barriers to help the U.S. secure its northern and
3		southern borders.
4	SECTION 2.	Physical barriers may include strategically placed structures such as fences
5		or walls. Security technology may include cameras and unarmed
6		surveillance drones. Security personnel may include additional Customs
7		and Border Protection (CBP) officers.
8	SECTION 3.	This bill will be enforced by the Department of Homeland security and
9		overseen by the Senate committee on Homeland Security and
10		Governmental Affairs.
11	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect in FY2025. All laws in conflict with this
12		legislation are hereby declared null and void.
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Intr	aducad for Conc	practional Dobate by David Sharyan

Introduced for Congressional Debate by David Sharyan.

### A Bill to The Clean Water Innovation Act

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE STUDENT CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

**Section 1:** The United States shall allocate \$10 billion from the Department of Energy's budget to the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) for the purpose of funding research and development initiatives aimed at advancing innovative clean water technologies. This allocation equates to approximately \$31 per person in the US and underscores our commitment to addressing critical water quality issues.

**Section 2:** Of the total funding, \$5 billion (about \$15 per person in the US) shall be specifically designated to enhance water purification systems and upgrade water treatment plant infrastructure nationwide. The focus will be on implementing sustainable and energy-efficient solutions that promote clean water access for communities across the country.

**Section 3:** The remaining \$5 billion (about \$15 per person in the US) shall be allocated for the advancement and implementation of innovative technologies, including advanced filtration systems, Internet of Things (IoT) monitoring capabilities, and data-driven approaches for efficient water resource management and conservation efforts. This investment aims to drive innovation and efficiency in the water sector.

**Section 4:** The EPA, in coordination with the Department of Energy, shall be responsible for overseeing the distribution and utilization of the allocated funds in alignment with the outlined research and development priorities. This collaborative approach ensures effective management and implementation of clean water technologies.

**Section 5:** This legislation shall come into immediate effect upon passage to expedite progress in tackling water quality challenges and fostering environmental sustainability for the benefit of current and future generations.

Bill introduced by Yemsrach Terefe from Reynolds High School.

## A Resolution to Amend the Constitution to Give States the Right to Secede

1	RESOLVED,	By two-thirds	s of the Congress here assembled, that the following article is
2		proposed as a	an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, which
3		shall be valid	to all intents and purposes as part of the Constitution when
4		ratified by the	e legislatures of three-fourths of the several states within
5		seven years f	rom the date of its submission by the Congress:
6			ARTICLE
7		SECTION 1:	If a two-thirds majority of the population of a said state
8			vote, by referendum, to secede, or separate, from the
9			United States, that state shall have the right to do so. A state
10 11			cannot secede with only the vote of the State legislature.
11			The vote of the people is required.
13			
14		SECTION 2:	A state's decision is not final until it gets approved by the
15			Congress of the United States. The required margin in both
16			houses to pass are 51 votes in the Senate and 218 votes in
17			the House of Representatives.
18			ARTICLE
19		Section 1:	If the Congress of the United States approves a said state's
20		<u>Section 1.</u>	
21			Declaration of Independence, that state will never again
22			have the right to rejoin the United States. To rejoin shall
23			mean become a State or an Incorporated Territory.
24			
25		Section 2:	Any Amendment or legislation in conflict with this
26			Amendment is declared null and void.
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Introduced for Congressional Debate by Tyler Cleveland, South Salem High School.

# A Bill to make the standard funeral process free for all.

1 I	BE IT ENACTED	BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1. Th	is bill ensures that the standard funeral
3	pro	cess can be made free for everybody without the
4	dea	d person having to sign a document or give money
5	to	the family before or after death.
6	SECTION 2. A.	"Standard funeral process" refers to a
7	non	-expensive funeral process. The limit is up to
8	\$7 <b>,</b>	000.
9	В.	"Funeral process" refers to the transportation
10	of	the deceased's corpse and any ceremony
11	pra	ctices.
12	С.	"Free for all" refers to having the standard
13	fun	eral process free for
14	eve	rybody
15 🕯	SECTION 3. The	e Oregon Division of Financial Regulation.
16	SECTION 4. The	is legislation will take effect on February 1st,
17	2025	5.
5	SECTION 5. Al.	l laws in conflict with this legislation are
	her	eby declared null and void.
	Intr	oduced for Congressional Debate by: Alexander Aviles

Sam Barlow High School

## A BILL TO SHIELD JOURNALISTS

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1	SECTION 1.	The government compelling disclosure of confidential information
2		from reporters is unethical and harmful to the reputations of both the
3		journalists and sources.
4	SECTION 2.	Reporters can no longer be forced to reveal their sources to the
5		government, and journalists hereby have an absolute privilege to
6		refuse to reveal their sources of information.
7	SECTION 3.	"Journalists" and "reporters" shall be defined as individuals whose
8		professions are to collect and gathers information in the form of
9		text, audio, or pictures, processes it into a news-worthy form, and
10		disseminate it to the public.
11	SECTION 4.	Journalists will be protected from being held contempt in court in
12		instances where they refuse to testify about confidential sources and
13		sensitive information.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Nidhi Nair, Lake Oswego High School.